NEGRO MADE LIEUTENANT

President Commissions D. J. **Gilmore in Philippine Scouts**

POLICEMAN "CONJURED"

He Gives This as Reason Why He Shot Two Fellow Officers-North Carolina Scientist Studying Evolution of the Negro.

(Special to The Times Dispatch.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 17.—The
President has commissioned David J. Gilmore, a negro, of this city, a second lieutenant in the Philippine scouts.

Gilmore served in the Philippines as first lieutenant of the Forty-ninth Infantry. He takes the place of Lieutenant Rosario, who has resigned. There is now another negro officer in the organization, Second Lieutenant Baker.

Second Lieutenant Baker.

Senator Pritchard has worked very hard to secure a commission for Gilmore, and the President took action in deference to the ex-Senator from North Carolina.

William Johnson, a negro policeman, shot two of his brother officers, U. W. Hall and Frank Waters, both colored, in this city this morning. He shot the men on the street before daylight and apparently without cause. He says the woman with whom he boarded "conjured" him and made him commit the act. He will probably plead insanity.

woman with whom he boarded conjured' him and made him commit the
act. He will probably plead insanity.

'The condition of Waters is serious.

Hon. John Goode, of Virginia, has decepted an invitation to deliver an adfress on the Ter-Centenary Exposition
before the Sons of the American Revolution in this city to-morow night.

TO STUDY THE NEGRO.

Professor A. B. Hunter, of North Carotina, has arrived in Washington, and will
remain here some months studying the
heero. Contrary to usual custem, the
Professor will not study the negro as he
sees him in the form of barber, bothlack,
waiter, porter, field-hand and collector
of the port of Charleston, but he will
spond several hours a day at the National
Museum in pursuit of scientific information concerning the man in black.

He see believes in the theory of avolu-

tion concerning the man in black.
He is a believer in the theory of evolu tion, and by the study of comparative anatomy he hopes to discover the negro's place in the line of ascent from the monkey.

Professor Hunter first went to the Brit-ish Museum to study the subject, but after remaining there some time and act-ing upon the advice of other scientists. he came here. He hopes to make dis-coveries of startling importance. W. E. H.

WABASH STRIKE WAS OCCASION OF AFFIDAVITS

(By Associated Press.)

ST. LOUIS, MO., March 17.—This proved a great day for affidavits, when the Wabash injunction suit was called this morning in the United States Circuit Court before Judge Elmer B. Adams. The attorneys for the defense led off.

It was denied in every affidavit, and the denial was made with emphasis in the statements of Grand Master Morrissey, of the trainmen, and Grand Master Hannshan, of the firemen, that any effort was made to induce the men to leave the employ of the Wabash road, Both swore that the men could come out only after a vote of two-thirds had declared in favor of a sirthe, and the officers were powerless to order them out.

Late in the afternoon the attorneys for the labor organizations read their last affidavits, and Attorney Travous, of the Wabash, presented the first of those for the company. It was made by President Ramsey, and declared that he was of the opinion that a conspiracy existed against the road. The reading of affidavits will be resumed to-morrow.

SERVICE IN CONFEDERATE ARMY NO BAR TO PENSIONS

WASHINGTON, March 17.—The Interior Department has decided that the bar to allowance of pension to soldiers who served in the Union army during the civil war and who had previously served in the Confederate army is removed by section 1 of the joint resolution of July 1, 1902, relating to the pension status of such soldiers, and it is held to be unnecessary for such claimants to file a new application for pension subsequent to July 1, 1902.

WIRES CUT AND NO NEWS IS OBTAINABLE

(By Associated Press.)
MONTEVIDO, URUGUAY, March
17.—Troops have been dispatched to va-rious points to check the revolution,
which has broken out in the departments of Rivera, Flores and Maldonado and a gunboat having a quantity of arms on board salls at noon to-day for Rocha, It is probable that a state of slege will

be declared.

In the departments where the revolu-tion has broken out the white party pre-dominates. The telegraph wires have been cut; no news is obtainable and stocks have fallen heavily.

COMPLETE VICTORY FOR STRIKING TEAMSTERS

KANSAS CITY, MO., March 17.—After arguments lasting more than eight hours the attorneys and representatives of the striking teamsters and transfer companies reached an agreement to-night, and to-morrow every transfer wagon in the city will be running as usual, By the terms of the settlement the transfer companies agreed to recognize the union and made other concessions, which amount to almost a complete victory for the strikers.

Killed by Insane Negro.

Killed by Insane Negro.
(Special to The Times-Disputch.)
BIRMINGHAM, ALLA., March 17.—A
message was received by Rev. Z. T.
Dowling stating that his brother, A. T.
Dowling, his briler's wife and two
young men, were shot by a negro near
Clayfor, Ala., this morning, Andrew T.
Dowling is dead and the others are probably fatally wounded. Dr. Dowling left
to-night for Clayton. William Cooper,
the negro who is alleged to have killed
Andrew T. Dowling and wounded other
members of the family, was arrested tomight, and it is thought he is insane.

John S. Wise Elected.

NEW YORK, March 17.—John S. Wiso, formerly of Virginia, was elected president of the West-Side Republican Clubenight, beating the machine candidate a big majority.

WOOD'S "TRADE MARK" Farm Seeds

are the best that can be obtained —free from weed seeds and impurities and of strong germinating qualities. It is very important if you desire to secure good stands and good crops to purchase the highest grade seeds obtainable. This you can always do by purchasing "Wood's Trade Mark Brand" of Farm Seeds.

Wood's New Seed Book for 1903 mailed on request, tells all abo /egctable and Flower Seeds,

Vegetable and Flower Seeds,
Grass and Clover Seeds,
Seed Potatoes, Seed Oats,
Tobacco, Seed Corn.
Cow Peas, Soja, Velvet and
Navy Beans, Sorghums,
Broom Corn, Kaffir Corn,
Peanuts, Tillet Seed, etc.
Write for Seed Book and prices
of any Farm Seeds required.

T.W.WOOD & SONS Seedsmen, Richmond, Va.

TO GET ROSTER OF VA. SOLDIERS

Gov. Montague is Interested and Will Heartily Co-operate With War Dep't.

Governor Montague is in receipt of a Root, of the War Department, at Washington, D. C., which was sent to the Governor of each of the States, Informing them of the intention of the depurt-

Governor of each of the States, informing them of the intention of the department to prepare for publication as speedily as possible complete and accurate rosters of the Federal and Confederate armies, and asking their co-operation on the subject.

When seen last night Governor Montague said the suggostion was in line with what he had long desired to see accomplished, and that it was his purpose to do everything in his power to aid in the intelligent accomplishment of the work. His Excellency said he would put himself in touch with prominent Confederate camp people at once, and ask their co-operation, and at the proper time would make the designation of some one to represent the State in the matter. He said, too, that he would use every endeswort to furnish the department with any Virginia records not now in their possession, and that he hoped by earnest work to be able to see the roster of the State's troops made as nearly complete as was possible. A resolution was offered in the House and referred on yesterday asking the Legislature to make some arrangements to have the Virginia records now in Washington copied and be placed in the State Library here, and it is likely that some such action as this will be taken later on.

SUCCEEDS MR. UPSHUR

Mr. A. R. Sydnor Talkes His Place With the C. & O. in Norfolk.

moted to the position of agent of the folk. Va., vice Mr. John A. Upshur, re-

folk, Va., vice Mr. John A. Upshur, resigned to accept the secretaryship of the Corporation Commission.

The many friends of Mr. Sydnor in this city will be glad to learn of his well carned promotion and wish him much success in his new position.

Mr. Sydnor has been long in the service of the Chesapeake and Ohio in this city and as cashler of the office at Staunton. He was appointed chief clerk to Mr. Upshur in Norfolk in 1899, and is a very popular young man in Norfolk.

MONEY FOR CHARITY

The Needy Family in Manchester Remembered by Kind-hearted People.
In addition to the amounts heretofore acknowledged. The Times-Dispatch has received \$5 from Mr. David W. Leary,

received \$5 from Mr. David W. Leary, of "Westwood Farm," Mattoax, Va., for Mrs. Dalsy Reed, of Manchester, whose husband is dying. The sum of \$2.50 has also been sent in anonymously.

All sums received have been turned over to Miss Page Booker, of No. 318 East Franklin Street, who has interested herself in the unfortunate family and done much for their comfort. All who can should aid the sufferers, who are most deserving.

POLICEMAN RETIRED BECAUSE HE WAS FAT

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
NEW YORK, March 17.—Police Com nissioner Greene to-day retired Policeman Jeremiah Eagan, of the Second Precinct. The Board of Police Surgeons reported The Board of Police Surgeons reported that Eagan was no longer physically fit for police duty. He is suffering from obesity, asthma, varieose veins, all contracted in the service of the city. He weighs 346 pounds. He could not run around a block in two hours' time.

CAR CRASHES INTO

GOULD'S CARRIAGE

(Special to The Times-Disputch.)
NEW YORK, March 17.—George J.
Gould and his wife had a marrow escape from serious lipiury to-night at
Twenty-third and Broadway, when their
coach was crushed against an elevated
road pillar by a south bound Sixth Avenue car, as they were on their way to the
Manhattan Theatre. The footman was
thrown from his box and cut about the
head, but nether Mr. Gould for his wife
was injured.

Miss Astor Engaged.

VIENNA, March 17.—A disputch from Bucharest, Roumania, published in Die

Bucharest, Roumania, published in Die Zelt, Says:
Aliss Astor, daughter of William Walderf Astor, is engaged to marry Jonel Bratiano, the Roumanian Foreign Minister, Miss Astor is now visiting the Roumanian Crown Prince's family, Shaspent a considerable part of the winter at Bucharest,
"Bratiano has a fascinating personally, He is not wealthy, and is a sen of

ty. He is not wealthy, and is a son of the late Jean Bratiano, the distinguished statesman, whose monument will shortly be unveiled at Bucharest."

Schwab Returns,

Schwad Heturns,
(Special to The Times-Discatch.)
NEW YORK, March 17.—Charles M.
Schwad, president of the United States
Steel Corporation returned to-day on the
steamer Kronprinz Wilhelm from an extended tour of Europe. Mr. Schwab said
he was in excellent health, but declined
to say anything about ble intentions until he consulted his friends, Mrs. Schwab
accompanied him.

MURDER AND SUICIDE

Frenzied Woman Killed Both Mother and Daughter.

THEN ENDED OWN LIFE

Woman Held Crowd of Men at Bay While She Out Her Own Throat. Then Rushed Into Burning Building and Perished in Flames.

PENN. YAN, N. Y., March 17.-In a frenzy of mania, Mrs. James Strowbridge, of Guyanoga village, five miles from here, to-day killed her daughter, aged twenty-six years, and her mother, aged eighty years, and after setting fire to the house in which the bodies lay, deliberately entered it and perished in the

Exactly how or when the woman was killed is not known. The first intimakilled is not known. The first intimation the neighbors had of the tragedy was this afternoon, whom Mrs. Strowbridge's home was found to be on fire. Immediately afterwards she was seen to set fire to another house across the street, in which her daughter lived, and also to two barns in which there were eighteen head of cattle and horses. When a party of men attempted to break open the barn to release the animals, Mrs. Strowbridge, who was standing in front of her blazing home, brandishing a revolver, fired at them repeatedly. Several of the men made a rush, hoping to close with the woman and disarm her, but she held them at bay with the revolver.

but she held them at bay with the revolver.

While they were hesitating she suddenly cut her throat, filled a pall of water at the well, thrust a quantity of hay and straw into it, and placing the whole mass on her head, rushed into the blazing house, in which her charred body and the bodies of her daughter and mother were found after the fire had burned itself out.

The three women lived a hermit life, working on te farm like men and often wearing men's clothing. They are supposed to have been well-to-do. Mrs. Strowbridge is believed to have gone suddenly mad. For several days she appeared to be acting strangely, but her method of life was such that none of the neighbors ever had any communication with her. A suit recently brought against Mrs. Strowbridge-for wages may have aggravated her trouble.

A DOUBLE TRAGEDY

Young Husband Wounds Girl Wife and Her Mother.

(Special to The Times Dispatch.) FINDLAY, OHIO, March 17.—A double FINDLAY, OHIO, March II.—A goung tragedy occurred at the Opp House tonight as the result of a quarrel between Louis Routson and his seventeen-year-old wife Myrtle, which began this afternoon. Routson entered a room at the hotel tonight, which was filled with guests at a masquerado party. He fired three shots from a 28-calibre revolver, which scattered the crowd. He then whited up to his mother-in-law, Mrs. John Opp, and fired point-blank at her. The bullet entered the left side of her breast and came out at the right side. Routson discovered his wife in one corner of the room, and placing the revolver within two feet of her body, sent a bullet into her chest, smashing the breastbone about six inches below her throat. She cannot recover, although the elder woman is not fatally injured. Routson then telephoned for the police and was promptly arrested. Jealousy is the alleged cause of the shooting. The couple had been married a year and tragedy occurred at the Opp House to

WANT PRESIDENT TO VISIT HAWAIIAN GROUP

By Pacific Cable to the Associated Press (By Pacific Cable to the Associated Press)
HONOLULU, March 17.—An urgent invitation has been forwarded to the President, inviting him to visit the Hawalian
Islands during his Western trip, and it
is planned that in the event of his acceptance of the invitation to arrange a systern of wireless telegraphy, so that the
President can be informed daily of the
trend of national affairs.

Absolutely Impracticable.

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, March 17.—It was said please the fresident immensely, it would be impossible for him to do so on his approaching trip without disarranging the entire schedule. That, it is said, is absolutely impracticable. President Roosevelt hopes at some future time to

"Life as a Fine Art."

Dr. Charles F. Goss, in the Lyceum course, delivered an excellent lecture last night at the Y. M. C. A. Hall. The attendance was good and very apprecia-tive. The theme was "Life as a Pino Art," and it was ably handled.

Tom L. Johnson Renominated. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
CLEVELAND, O., March 17.—Tom L.
Johnson was renominated for Mayor by
acclamation at the Democratic City Convention to-day.

"Golden Rule" Jones.

(By Associated Press.)

TOLEDO, O., March 17.—Mayor S. M.
Jones to-day announced his candidacy for the fourth term as a one-partisan. He gave out a characteristic letter in accepting the nomination.

MR. DAVIS ON PROHIBITION.

A Letter That he Wrote When the Ques tion Was up in Texas.

Editor of The Times-Dispatch: Editor of The Times-Dispatch;
Sir,—In looking over some war relies
that I have kept for a long time I found
a letter in print of my old friend, President Davis, and I thought it right to
send it to you for publication.
W. H. CARTIER.
Abingdon, Va., R. F. D. No. 0.
Here follows the letter;
Beauvoir, Miss., July 20, 1887.
Colonel F. R. Lubbock;
My Dear Friend—Yours of the 12th instant with its enclosures has been received.

stant with its enclosures has been re-ceived.

I have heretofore declined to answer any of the inquiries made for my opinion on the constitutional amendment now pending in Texas. My reason for not re-plying was an unwillingness to enter in to a controversy in which my friends in Texas stood arrayed against each other.

other.

In departing from the rule heretofore observed, I trust that it will not be an unwarrantable intrusion.

Reared in the creed of Democracy, my faith in its tenets has grown with its

growth, and f adhere to the maxim that "The world is governed too much."

When our fathers achieved their independence, the soriar-stone of the government they constructed was individual liborty, and the social organizations they established wore not for the surrender, but for the protection, of natural rights. For this, governments were established deriving their just power from the consent of the governed. This was not to subject themselves to the will of the majority, as appears from the fact that each community inserted in its fundamental law a bill of rights to guard the inalienable privileges of the individual. There was then a two-fold purpose in government—protection and prevention against trespass by the strong upon the weak, the many on the few.

The world had long suffered from the oppressions of government under the pretext of ruling by divine right, and excusing the invasion into private and domestic affairs on the plea of paternal care for the morals and good order of the people.

Our sires rejected all such pretensions, their system being: Government by the people for the people resting on the basis of natural, inalienable rights. Upon the basis of these general propositions, I will briefly answer the inquiry in regard to the prohibition amendment at lasue, "Bo ye temperate in all things" was

listic,
"He ye temperate in all things," was
a wise injunction, and would apply to
intolerance as well as to drunkenness.
That the intemperate use of intextenting
ilquors is an evil, few, if any, would

That the intemperate use of intextenting liquors is an evil, few, if any, would deny.

That it is at the root of many social disorders is conceded; but then the question arises, what is the appropriate remedy, and what the present necessity? To destroy individual liberty and moral responsibility would be to eradicate one ovil by the substitution of another, which, it is aubmitted, was offered as a remedy. The abuse, and not the use of stimulants, it must be confessed, is the evil to be remedied. Then it clearly follows that action should clearly be directed against the abuse rather than the use. If drunkenness itself be the cause of disorder and crime, why not pronounce drunkenness itself to be a crime and attach to it proper and adequate penalties? If it be objected that the penalties could not be enforced, that is an admission that ipopular opinion would be opposed to the law; but if it be true that juries could not be empaneled, who would convict so degredaded a criminal as a drunkard, it necessarily follows that a statutory prohibition against the sale and use of intoxicants would be a dead letter.

The next branch of the inquiry is as

ter.

The next branch of the inquiry is as to the present necessity.

I might appeal to men not as old as myself to sustain the assertion that the convivial use of intoxicants and the occurrence of drunkenness had become less frequent within the last twenty years than it was before. The refining influences of education and Christianity may be credited with this result. Why not ences of education and Christianity may be credited with this result. Why not allow these blessed handmaidens of virtue and morality to continue unembarassed their civilizing work. The parties to this discussion in your State have no doubt brought forward the statistical facts in regard to the effect produced in other States by this effort to control morals by legislation, and I will not encumber this letter by any reference to those facts.

morals by legislation, and I will not climber cumber this legier by any reference to those facts.

You have already provision for local prohibition. If it has proved the wooden horse in which a disguised enemy to State sovereignty as the guardian of individual liberty was introduced, let it be a warning that the progressive march would probably be from village to State and from State to United States, and result in a governmental supervision and paternity instead of the liberty the heroes of 1776 left as a legacy to their posterity. Impelled by the affection and gratitude I feel for the people of Texas, and the belief that a great question of American policy is involved in the issue you have hefore you, the silence I had hoped to observe has been broken. If the utternance shall avail anything for good, it will compensate me for the objurations with which I shall doubtless be pursued by the followers of the popularism of the same sub-

day.

I hope the many who have addresse me letters of inquiry on the same subject will accept this as an answer, thoug somewhat long delayed.

Faithfully yours.

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

Work of the Legislature.

Work of the Legislature.

Editor of The Times-Dispatch:
Sir,—Of course, this Legislature will
come in for criticism, and be subject
to the wit of the paragrapher of the
press of the State, because of its extended session. Naturally, many members are
smarting under it. Now, as a minority
member, I think I may, with propriety,
say a word.

This returns that there here for the services of the ser

press of the State, pressers of the State, when you have have you have you have have you have

work done.
With honest work, perseverance, and patience on the part of the press and the people, I think we will accomplish much for the good of our dear old State, and that the Commonwealth will be repaid for the time and for the expenditure of the money necessary to accomplish the work in hand.

C. A. HEEFRMANS.

Richmond, Va., March 18, 1903.

MARRIAGES,

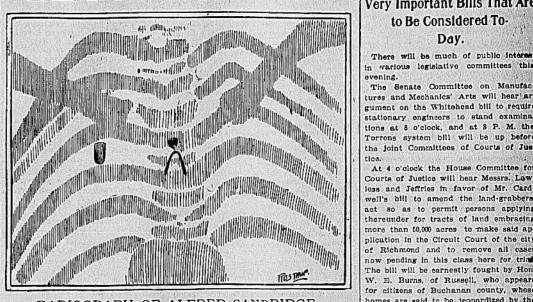
ORME-WOODSON.—Married, in Charleston, S. C. on Wednesday, March 11th, at 2:30 P. M. Mr. HARRY A. ORME and Miss THADDENIA C. WOODSON, both of Washington, D. C., by the Rey. Father John Shea.
Washington and Petersburg Please C. V.



Richmond's Foremost Millinery Exhibit. SANDRIDGE IS **GETTING WELL**

Spring and Summer

TO-DAY, WEDNESDAY, March 18, 1903.



RADIOGRAPH OF ALFRED SANDRIDGE.

With every sign pointing to his ultimate been saved, for he has daily administered With every sign pointing to his ultimate recovery. Alfred Sandridge, the young man who shot and killed Miss Nannie Morts in a cozy cottage on North Twenty-Sixth Street, and afterwards fired two balls into his bosom in the hope of following the young lady into the great beyond, is at the Virginia. Hospital, He is ever under the constant watch of an officer of the law—a detailed man from the First Police District.

The police are taking every precaution to prevent the possible escape or Sandridge, but at the present time his condi-

ridge, but at the present time his condi-tion is too feeble to permit of such a move. The attending physicians at the Virginia Hospitial, where Sandridge was taken immediately after the tragedy, say that he will recover. Through the weary hours of the day and night an officer sits calmly inside the door of the room in which Sandridge is confined. Since the shooting Sandridge has been under the care of Dr. W. H. Parker. It is due to his efforts that the life has

the presence of two bullets in the chest. The ploture, a good reproduction of which is herewith presented, was taken by the X-ray department of the Virginia Hospital for the purpose of locating the bullets, and the attempt was successful in every respect.

The inverted V in the picture marks hat spine at the third dorsal vertibra. The dark mark just above it is one of the bullets, which is imbedded in the breast-bone. Two inches to the loft is shown the other bullet, which lodged in the back wall of the chest. The dark mark at the bottom of the picture is the shadow of the heart.

PHONOGRAPH MAY TESTIFY IN COURT

Novel Divorce Case to Be Tried in Which the Talking Machine is a Witness.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) STAMFORD, CONN., March novel point will be raised when the dicase of Mrs. Fanny T. Crane, of Hartford, against Michael T. Crane

Vorce clast of lines, then yet class, very comes up for trial.

Mrs. Crane claims a divorce on statutory grounds as well as desertion, and names a young matron of New Haven as corespondent. The novel feature of the evidence, which will be sought to introduce, are several phonographic records, which the plaintiff claims to have obtained, and, which, she says, support her claim of misconduct on the part of her husband.

As Mrs. Crane tells the story she discovered that Crane and the corespondent were to meet at a certain place one evening. She says she went to the place before the meeting and placed a plice graph so that it would record the conversation of both parties. She has carefully preserved the records, and says sho is ready to set the talking machine in operation in the court room if the judge would like to hear it. Among lawyers, the opinion prevails that the court will not admit the phonograph.

About Trees.

Bidtor of The Times-Dispatch:
Sir,—Noticing your editorial in Saturday's issue of "Saving the Trees," I was greatly impressed with the idea, and it is one that should not be lost sight of in our beautiful city and suburb roads, but as I understand, the laws of Virginia are against planting trees on the sides of the roads like other States. A great many States have what is called beautify suburban roads, our press is the mouthplees for our people, and if we expect to see trees planted along our rurni lighways our people must be educated to it by the press and legislation, and said trees should be protected. Not long ago I brought the matter up before our county supervisors and asked them the priviless of planting a row of shade trees along the front of my promises, say about sight feet from the line fence, lesving space at some future time for a sidowalk. They told me there was no list for It, and I ought to move to the city was suggested than the planting of shades trees along our suburban highways; and the time will come when it would be a delight to drive along a road with a beautiful row of shade trees along each side of the road at a uniform distance, say of sight feet from the line fence. To begin with, a great manyof our roads are entirely too narrow, all of our main thoroughfares leading out of Richmond should be from sixty to elighty feet wide and until we have a uniform width of such roads, It will be hard to get our suburban roads so beautifuled. We want nide avenues, and it will do more to bring northern people come here to look ground, is the northern people come here to look ground, is the northern people come here to look around, is the northern people come here to look around, is the northern people come here to look around, is the northern people come here to look around, is the northern people come here to look around, is the northern people come here to look around, is the northern people come here to look around, is the northern people come here to look around with the northern About Trees.

enough hardly to turn around without backing into the ditch. I hope you will keep the good work moving, and never let up until every thoroughfare leading out of Richmond for at least five miles is widened and a row of shade treas on each side and every county school-house and lot fenced in, with trees all planted around and in the yard. I am in for beautifying our rural highways and our school-houses and yards.

MARK T. THOMPSON, Rio Vista, Va. Rio Vista, Va.

Missouri's Olgarette Law.

Missouri's Cigarette Law,
(Secelal to The Times-Bispatch.)
JEFFERSON CITY, MO., March 17.—
The House has passed the Senate bill prohibiting the sale or giving away of eigarettes, eigarette papers or eigarette wrappers to persons under eighteen years of
age, under a penalty of \$100 fine for each
offense. The bill now goes to the Governor.

Strike Nearing End.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., March 17.—
That marked progress was made to-day between the joint Orievance Committee, New York representing employes of the New York, Now Haven and Hartford Railroad Com-pany, and a committee appointed by the Board of Directors, was distinctly felt to-night after the meeting was concluded.

Venezuela's First Payment.

CARACAS, March 17.—The Venezuelan Government to-day paid to the German Minister the first installment, amounting to about \$70,000, of the \$340,000 pledged to Germany in satisfaction of that country's claims.

Germany at Exposition.

BERLIN, March 17.—The Budget Committee of the Reichstag to-day, by 28 to 2 votes, apropriated \$750,000 to defray the expenses of Germany's representation at the St. Louis Exposition. Half of this amount will be available immediately.

MANY MATTERS UP IN COMMITTEES

Very Important Bills That Are to Be Considered To-

in warious legislative committees this evening. The Senate Committee on Manufactures and Mechanics' Arts will hear argument on the Whitehead bill to require stationary engineers to stand examina-Torrens system bill will be up before

There will be much of public interes

Courts of Justice will hear Messra. Lawless and Jeffries in favor of Mr. Cardwell's bill to amend the land-grabbers act so as to permit persons applying more than 50,000 acres to make said apof Richmond and to remove all cases now pending in this class here for trials The bill will be earnestly fought by Hon. W. E. Burns, of Russell, who appears for citizens of Buchanan county, whose homes are said to be jeopardized by the

It is understood to have been offered valuable coal lands have been applied for by a Norfolk man under the land-grabbers' act.

TO HIS PEOPLE

The King of Saxony Thanks Them for Levalty and Sympathy.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.).

DRESDEN, SAXONY, March 17.—The King of Saxony has written an open letter to his people thanking them for the proof of their sympathy with him in the "recent sad misfortune" which had be fallen himself and his family. The King expresses the hope that the "perturbation and exoltement which seized on a large section of the population in consequence of the distressing events of last winter" will now give place to guiet, and the of the distressing events of last winter' will now give place to quiet, and the old feeling of confidents. In conclusion he begs the people not to believe those who aver that "behind all the miserable business lies a tissue of falsahood and deception, but to believe the word of your King, that this infinitely painful affair areas solely from the ungovernable passion of a woman who had long before secretly fallen."

(Special to The Times-Dissatch.)
MONTE CARLO, March 17.—The international Chess Tournament concluded
to-day, Tarrasch won the first prize of
\$000, with twenty points; Marccay took
the second prize of \$450, with nineteen
points, and Pilisbury won third prize of
\$236, with eighteen and one-half points.

Upon Perusing the Short Paragraphs. Gentle reader, will you join me in a pro-test mild and meek;

test mild and meek;
Such a protest as the vanquished make
when turning "tother cheek?"
In a protest gainst the mighty, 'gainst
the object of our fears,
'Gainst the high colossal wielder of the
pencil and the shears'
For of all the lack of logic that is loathesome to our ears,
'Tis this paragraphic wielder's of the pancil and the shears.

The world is growing sick of "Here Hob son's resignation,"
And "the people want a rest; are growing tred of Carrie Nation."
The smart set and the satire of the sharm Kentucy Colonel
Is spoken of as "burlesque" by this "staid

Is spoken of as "buriesque by and stately" journal.

And he gives his ultimatum, does this object of our fears;

Does this paragraphic wonder, with his pencil and his shears.

The uniform and gold-lace of our General The uniform and gold-lace of our densest en route

Was a bore to all our people, who decomples his plum-hued sult;
And the populace would thank the powers that he, in Washington,
If Teddy and the nigsers could be silonced, one by one.

Thus the oracle opineth; the peer of all the seers.

The paragraph dispenser, with the pencil and the shears.

cil and the shears.

Page one, in hig black head lines, tells of hot investigations.

Tells of judges and of preachers mixing blows and execrations.

On the next page comes the gossip, and the "shake up of police"

Then the darling social scandals, and the orimes against the peace.

Then the fourth page; ohl the fourth page, fills our hearts with burning fears;

For these other pages soon must be the victims of the shears.

Then the fifth page can be utilized;
Ohl reader, shed your tears;
A siduation wanted,
By the wielder of the shears.
MERCER HARTMAN.

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